| <u>Calendar</u> | Big Question/Theme | Small Questions | Assessment Opportunities and Criteria. Teacher feedback point (TFP) | <u>Homework</u> |
|----------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Year 9 Topic 9F Reactivity | What are the different types of chemical reactions? | What are the differences between chemical and physical reactions? How can particle theory explain gas pressure? How do metals react with air, water and acids? How are metals placed into a reactivity series? How are metals protected from rusting? What is the test for oxygen? How can you speed up a combustion reaction? What are endothermic and exothermic reactions? Why do some reactions need a supply of energy? What is a displacement reaction? How can we predict whether a reaction will occur or not? Why is the method of extracting a metal related to its cost and reactivity? How are metals extracted from their ores? What is oxidation and redction? | Each Ks3 module is followed by a common assessed task (CAT). This is comprised of a mixture of exam questions based on that topic. Exam questions are obtained from ExamPro. Teacher will mark exam questions and provide a class feedback sheet. Students will NTG by responding to marking. Optional: there is an assessment for each topic in the Pearsons SOW. | Homework is set weekly. Students given knowledge (previously taught) to study and then complete questions. This is fed back in the revisit phase every week. |

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| Year 9 Topic 9J Force fields and electroma gnets | What are the uses of electricity and how can we control current? | What is a force field? What is the shape of a magnetic field? What factors affect the strength of gravity? How can you calculate the weight of a mass? Why can insulating material be given a charge by rubbing? How do electrically charged objects affect each other? What is an electric field? How can switches be used to control different parts of a circuit? How does current behave in series and parallel circuits? How does voltage behave in series and parallel circuits? What factors affect resistance? What is the formula that relates voltage, current and resistance? What is an electromagnet? How can you change the strength of an electromagnet? What are the uses of electromagnets? | Each Ks3 module is followed by a common assessed task (CAT). This is comprised of a mixture of exam questions based on that topic. Exam questions are obtained from ExamPro. Teacher will mark exam questions and provide a class feedback sheet. Students will NTG by responding to marking. Optional: there is an assessment for each topic in the Pearsons SOW. | Homework is set weekly. Students given knowledge (previously taught) to study and then complete questions. This is fed back in the revisit phase every week. |

| Year 9 | motion? | 2. | What are three examples of scalar quantities? | by a common assessed task | provided with a |
|----------|---------|-----|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | 3. | What are three examples of vector quantities? | (CAT). This is comprised of a | homework |
| Topic P1 | | 4. | What is the connection between speed, velocity | mixture of exam questions | booklet. |
| Motion | | | and acceleration? | based on that topic. | |
| | | 5. | How do you use the equation relating average | | Previously taught |
| | | | speed, distance and time? | Exam questions are obtained | topics are |
| | | 6. | In metres per second, what are the typical speeds | from ExamWizard. | assessed through |
| | | | that someone might move at during the course of a | | exam questions. |
| | | | day? | Teacher will mark exam | Students are |
| | | 7. | How do you interpret distance-time graphs? | questions and provide a class | provided with the |
| | | 8. | How do you calculate acceleration? | feedback sheet. Students will | knowledge to |
| | | 9. | How are acceleration, initial velocity and final | NTG by responding to | help them access |
| | | | velocity related? | marking. | the exam |
| | | 10. | What is meant by uniform acceleration? | | questions. |
| | | 11. | What is the acceleration of freefall? | Feedback is live throughout | |
| | | 12. | How is deceleration identified on a velocity/time | the lesson. | Homework is |
| | | | graph? | | checked and fed |
| | | 13. | How is distance determined from a velocity/time | Teachers circulate during | back on a weekly |
| | | | graph? | phases to offer feedback. | basis. |
| | | 14. | How do you calculate and compare accelerations on a velocity-time graph? | | |
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| <u>Calendar</u> | Big Question/Theme | Small Questions | Assessment Opportunities and Criteria. Teacher feedback point (TFP) | <u>Homework</u> |
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| Year 9 Topic C1 States of Matter | How does arrangement of particles affect a substance and its properties? | What are particles like in substances in the solid, liquid and gas states? What changes happen to particles during the different changes of state? How do you decide what state a substance will be in at a given temperature? | Each Ks4 module is followed by a common assessed task (CAT). This is comprised of a mixture of exam questions based on that topic. Exam questions are obtained from ExamWizard. Teacher will mark exam questions and provide a class feedback sheet. Students will NTG by responding to marking. Feedback is live throughout the lesson. Teachers circulate during phases to offer feedback. | Students provided with a homework booklet. Previously taught topics are assessed through exam questions. Students are provided with the knowledge to help them access the exam questions. Homework is checked and fed back on a weekly basis. |

| <u>Calendar</u> | Big Question/Theme | Small Questions | Assessment Opportunities and Criteria. Teacher feedback point (TFP) | <u>Homework</u> |
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| Year 9 Topic C2 Separatin 9 Mixtures | What are the ways of separating and purifying mixtures? | What is the difference between a pure substance and a mixture? What happens to its particles when a solid melts? How do melting points allow you to spot the difference between pure substances and mixtures? How can filtration be used to separate mixtures? How can crystallisation be used to separate mixtures? What are the hazards and risks when separating mixtures by filtration and crystallisation? How can chromatography be used to separate mixtures? What are the differences between mixtures and pure substances on a chromatogram? How do you calculate Rf value? What is distillation? How do simple distillation and fractional distillation differ? How would you reduce risks when carrying out a distillation experiment? How would you choose which method to use to separate a mixture? How is drinking water produced? Why must water used in chemical analysis be pure? | Each Ks4 module is followed by a common assessed task (CAT). This is comprised of a mixture of exam questions based on that topic. Exam questions are obtained from ExamWizard. Teacher will mark exam questions and provide a class feedback sheet. Students will NTG by responding to marking. Feedback is live throughout the lesson. Teachers circulate during phases to offer feedback. | Students provided with a homework booklet. Previously taught topics are assessed through exam questions. Students are provided with the knowledge to help them access the exam questions. Homework is checked and fed back on a weekly basis. |

| Year 9 | development of | 2. | what's the difference between a light and electron | by a common assessed task | provided with a |
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| | the microscope | 3. | microscope? What's the difference between magnification and | (CAT). This is comprised of a | homework |
| Topic B1 | allowed us to | ٥. | resolution? | mixture of exam questions | booklet. |
| Cells | find out more | 4. | What are the sub-cellular parts and function of an animal | based on that topic. | |
| | about sub - | | cell? | | Previously taught |
| | | 5. | What are the sub-cellular parts and function of a plant cell? | Exam questions are obtained | topics are |
| | cellular | 6. | What are the three differences between animal and plant cells? | from ExamWizard. | assessed through |
| | structures found | 7. | What is a eukaryotic cell? | | exam questions. |
| | in plant, animal | 8. | How are gametes adapted to their function? | Teacher will mark exam | Students are |
| | and bacterial | 9. | How is a ciliated cell adapted for its function? | questions and provide a class | provided with the |
| | cells? | 10. | How are the epithelial cell in the small intestine adapted to | feedback sheet. Students will NTG by responding to | knowledge to |
| | | 11. | its function? What is a prokaryotic cell? | marking. | help them access the exam |
| | | 12. | How is a bacterial cell adapted for its function? | inarking. | questions. |
| | | 13. | Which kind of large organic molecule are enzymes? | Feedback is live throughout | questions. |
| | | 14. | Why is an enzyme a biological catalyst? | the lesson. | Homework is |
| | | 15. | How do enzymes work? | | checked and fed |
| | | 16. | What are the role of enzymes in the digestive system? | Teachers circulate during | back on a weekly |
| | | 17. | How is enzyme activity affected by temperature, pH and substrate concentration? | phases to offer feedback. | basis. |
| | | 18. | How would you calculate the rate of enzyme activity? | • | |
| | | 19. | Which tests are used to identify the main substances in | | |
| | | | food? | | |
| | | 20. | What is diffusion, osmosis and active transport? | | |
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| <u>Calendar</u> | Big Question/Theme | Small Questions | Assessment Opportunities and Criteria. Teacher feedback point (TFP) | <u>Homework</u> |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--|--|---|
| Year 9 Topic P2 | What affects motion? | What is the difference between the speed of an object and its velocity? How do we represent all of the forces acting upon an object? What are resultant forces and how do you calculate them? What happens to the motion of an object when the forces on it are balanced? What if they are unbalanced? (Newton's First Law) What is centripetal force? (H) What is the difference between mass and weight? What are the factors that determine the weight of an object? How do you calculate weight? What factors affect the acceleration of an object and how do you calculate them? (Newton's Second Law) What is Inertial mass and how is it defined? (H) What is Newton's Third Law and how does it apply to stationary objects? How do objects affect each other when they collide? (H) How is momentum calculated? (H) How is momentum related to force and acceleration? (H) What happens to momentum in collisions? (H) What are the factors that affect stopping distances? What is work done and how is it calculated? What is work done and how is it calculated? How are work done and kinetic energy related to breaking distances? What are the dangers caused by large decelerations and how can these be reduced? How can you use momentum to calculate the forces involved in crashes? (H) Highlighted small questions to be covered in Year 10. | Each Ks4 module is followed by a common assessed task (CAT). This is comprised of a mixture of exam questions based on that topic. Exam questions are obtained from ExamWizard. Teacher will mark exam questions and provide a class feedback sheet. Students will NTG by responding to marking. Feedback is live throughout the lesson. Teachers circulate during phases to offer feedback. | Students provided with a homework booklet. Previously taught topics are assessed through exam questions. Students are provided with the knowledge to help them access the exam questions. Homework is checked and fed back on a weekly basis. |
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|-----------------|--|---|--|---|
| Year 9 Topic B2 | What is mitosis and its importance in growth, repair and asexual reproduction? | 1)What are stem cells, where are they found and what can they be used for? 2)What are the benefits and risks of using stem cells in medical treatments? 3)How do animals grow? 4)How are percentile charts used to monitor growth? 5)Why is differentiation of cells important in animals? And can you give any examples? 6)How do plants grow? 7)How are some plant cells adapted to their function? 8)Why is differentiation important in plants? 9)Why is mitosis important? 10)What happens in the different stages of mitosis? 11)How do cancer tumours occur? 12)What is the structure and function of the 3 types of neurones? 13)How is the sensory neurone adapted to its function? 14)How does the nervous system allow the body to respond to stimuli? 15)How are the relay neurone and motor neurone adapted to their function? 16)How does the structure of the reflex arc allow faster reactions to stimuli? 17)How does an impulse travel across a synapse? 18)How do you calculate neurotransmission speed? | Each Ks4 module is followed by a common assessed task (CAT). This is comprised of a mixture of exam questions based on that topic. Exam questions are obtained from ExamWizard. Teacher will mark exam questions and provide a class feedback sheet. Students will NTG by responding to marking. Feedback is live throughout the lesson. Teachers circulate during phases to offer feedback. | Students provided with a homework booklet. Previously taught topics are assessed through exam questions. Students are provided with the knowledge to help them access the exam questions. Homework is checked and fed back on a weekly basis. |

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|-----------------|--|--|--|---|
| Year 9 Topic C3 | How does an elements place in the periodic table relate to its atomic structure? | How has the model of the atom changed over the last 200 years? How do parts of atoms compare with each other Why do atoms have no overall charge? Why is most of the mass of an atom found in the nucleus? What does the atomic number tell you about an element? How can you calculate the numbers of protons, neutrons and electrons in atoms? How can you describe an identify isotopes of elements? Why are the relative atomic masses for some elements not whole numbers? How do you calculate the relative atomic mass of an element? | Each Ks4 module is followed by a common assessed task (CAT). This is comprised of a mixture of exam questions based on that topic. Exam questions are obtained from ExamWizard. Teacher will mark exam questions and provide a class feedback sheet. Students will NTG by responding to marking. Feedback is live throughout the lesson. Teachers circulate during phases to offer feedback. | Students provided with a homework booklet. Previously taught topics are assessed through exam questions. Students are provided with the knowledge to help them access the exam questions. Homework is checked and fed back on a weekly basis. |

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|-----------------|--|--|--|---|
| Year 9 Topic C4 | How does an elements place in the periodic table relate to its atomic structure? | What are the symbols of some common elements? How did Mendeleev arrange elements into a periodic table? How did Mendeleev use his table to predict the properties of undiscovered elements? Why was Mendeleev right to alter the order of some elements in his table? What is an elements atomic number? How are the elements arranged in the modern periodic table? What information does an electronic configuration give? How do you work out and show the electronic configuration of an element? How is the electronic configuration of an element related to its position in the periodic table? | Each Ks4 module is followed by a common assessed task (CAT). This is comprised of a mixture of exam questions based on that topic. Exam questions are obtained from ExamWizard. Teacher will mark exam questions and provide a class feedback sheet. Students will NTG by responding to marking. Feedback is live throughout the lesson. Teachers circulate during phases to offer feedback. | Students provided with a homework booklet. Previously taught topics are assessed through exam questions. Students are provided with the knowledge to help them access the exam questions. Homework is checked and fed back on a weekly basis. |

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|--|------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Year 9 Topic P3 Conservation of energy | How do we transfer and use energy? | How is energy transferred between different stores? How can we represent energy transfers in diagrams? What happens to the total amount of energy when energy is transferred? What is efficiency and how do we calculate it? How can we reduce unwanted energy transfers? What does thermal conductivity mean and what factors affect it? How can we reduce unwanted energy transfers? What factors affect the gravitational potential energy stored in an object? How do you calculate gravitational potential energy? How do you calculate the amount of kinetic energy stored in a moving object? What non-renewable resources can we use? How do we use them? How is the use of non-renewable energy resources changing? | Each Ks4 module is followed by a common assessed task (CAT). This is comprised of a mixture of exam questions based on that topic. Exam questions are obtained from ExamWizard. Teacher will mark exam questions and provide a class feedback sheet. Students will NTG by responding to marking. Feedback is live throughout the lesson. Teachers circulate during phases to offer feedback. | Students provided with a homework booklet. Previously taught topics are assessed through exam questions. Students are provided with the knowledge to help them access the exam questions. Homework is checked and fed back on a weekly basis. |

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|---|---|---|--|---|
| Year 9 Topic B4 Natural Selection and Genetic Modificat ion | How has the theory of evolution developed? What are the benefits and risks of selective breeding and genetic engineering? Why are tissue culture, GMOs, fertilisers and biological control used in agriculture? | 1)What is evolution? 2)How do fossils, stone tools and genetic analysis provide evidence for evolution? 3)What is natural selection and how has it lead to evolution? 4)How did Darwin and Wallace come up with the idea of natural selection? 5)How does antibiotic resistance in bacteria provide evidence to support Darwin's theory? 6)How are organisms classified as five kingdoms? 7)How has genetic analysis changed our understanding of evolution? 8)How are organisms classified as five kingdoms? 10)How has genetic analysis changed our understanding of evolution? 11)How are organisms classified as three domains? 12)What is the difference between breeds and varieties? 13)How is selective breeding carried out? 14)What are the benefits and risks of selective breeding? 15)How AND why do we genetically engineer organisms? 16)What are the benefits and risks of genetic engineering? | Each Ks4 module is followed by a common assessed task (CAT). This is comprised of a mixture of exam questions based on that topic. Exam questions are obtained from ExamWizard. Teacher will mark exam questions and provide a class feedback sheet. Students will NTG by responding to marking. Feedback is live throughout the lesson. Teachers circulate during phases to offer feedback. | Students provided with a homework booklet. Previously taught topics are assessed through exam questions. Students are provided with the knowledge to help them access the exam questions. Homework is checked and fed back on a weekly basis. |